

# FACTS AND REPORTS

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U1: Radio Report, 94 10 04 (fragm)

### UNITA denies rumours that Savimbi is dead or wounded

(a) RDP Antena - 1 radio, Lisbon, in Portuguese  
2300 gmu 4 Oct 94

In Angola there are continuing rumours about the whereabouts of UNITA leader Jonas Savimbi... Meanwhile in Lusaka the two sides are working towards an agreement on the outstanding issues. Here is Walter Medeiros:

[Medeiros] ... What at present continues to puzzle the observers of the Angolan peace process is the silence of Jonas Savimbi. There are insistent rumours that the UNITA leader may have been wounded. The head of the UNITA delegation to the Lusaka talks, Jorge Valentim, refused to disclose Savimbi's whereabouts but was adamant that he had not been wounded.

U2: Indian Ocean News1.(Fr), 94 10 01

**MOZAMBIQUE** The European Union is to send 202 observers to cover the Mozambican general elections on October 27 and 28. Germany and Portugal will each send thirty observers, France and the Netherlands twenty-five each, Italy twenty, Sweden fifteen, Great Britain twelve, Denmark, Greece, Ireland and Spain ten each, and Finland five.

## Seminar on the Elections in Mozambique

On 26 November 1994 the Eduardo Mondlane Foundation will be organising a seminar on the elections in Mozambique. If all goes according to plan, these are to be held on 27 and 28 October 1994.

A number of guest speakers from Mozambique and Europe will be attending, including representatives of several Mozambican organisations (trade unions, local non-governmental organisations and university) as well as Dutch election observers. These speakers will present their views on the process leading to the elections as well as the outcome.

The central themes of the seminar will be:

1. The results of the elections and the implications for the peace and democratisation process in Mozambique.
2. The role of the international community and especially the UN and the foreign observers in the election process.
3. The consequences of the elections for the future development policy of Mozambique and the support it will receive from the international community.
4. Elections as a basis for the building of a democratic society and the role of civil organisations. Developments elsewhere in Southern Africa will also be discussed.

### Participation

Open to anyone interested in the development and democratisation process taking place in Southern Africa and especially Mozambique.

### Programme

Plenary morning meeting with several introductions (including one by Joe Hanlon), followed in the afternoon by workshops and a panel discussion for which the Dutch minister for international cooperation Pronk has also been invited.

In the evening there will be a Mozambican cultural event with food and music.

### Venue

Conference Centre Hotel CASA 400, James Wattstraat 75, Amsterdam, the Netherlands.

### Information

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U3: SouthScan (Br), 94 09 30

### MALAWI

## Opposition leader accepts vice presidency

The opposition leader Chakufwa Chihana this week accepted an offer of the vice presidency. He is at present minister of irrigation and water development.

He said however that this would not affect the role of his Aford party in opposition.

U5: SouthScan (Br), 94 09 23

## 'SA approach adopted to accommodate Savimbi as deputy president'

The Angolan government is reported to have adopted the SA approach in conciliation by setting up posts for two deputy presidents, one of which could be occupied by Unita's Jonas Savimbi.

The reports quote Western diplomats as saying legislation is being drafted by Luanda to set up the posts to give the flexibility to accommodate Savimbi.

Unita has still to agree to take up its 70 national assembly seats, won in the disputed election in 1992.

Unita last week reshuffled its leadership. Secretary general will be Gen. Alberto Canhao Ivatuva.

The mayor of the disputed city of Huambo, Unita headquarters, will be Jeronimo Paulo Bonga.

The Luanda government this week condemned Unita reports that it had formed a shadow government, describing the move a hiding its "bad faith". The presidential spokesman Aldomiro da Conceicao said he did not believe talks would end next month. An end to the Lusaka discussions by the end of September has been widely talked up by diplomats and by the UN secretary general.

U7: Namibian(Nam), 94 09 30

## Riot over rumour of Savimbi's death

LUANDA: Two people were killed and dozens more badly injured in a riot of joy that erupted in the Angolan capital when rumors spread that Jonas Savimbi had died and his guerrilla army was surrendering, police said yesterday.

Cheering, dancing and wild drinking broke out in the gigantic Roque Santeiro marketplace Wednesday soon after state radio broadcast a report of Savimbi's death, a police official said.

But the celebration turned into a mass battle and a stampede for safety when people were accused of being secret Unita sympathizers, said the official, who spoke on condition of anonymity.

Police would not identify the victims, or say if they were attacked deliberately or caught in the exodus from the market, in which as many as 100 000 people gather in a day.

It was all for naught, according to a Unita spokesman - Savimbi is not dead.

The reclusive Unita leader, who has not spoken or been seen in public for more than two months, is still directing the movement from its base in the Angolan central highlands, Unita spokesman Paulo Lukamba Gato said on Portuguese TSF radio.

Meanwhile UN envoy Alioune Blondin Beye conceded yesterday that Angolan peace talks would fail to produce an agreement to end the 19-year civil war by the deadline he set for today.

But Beye, the UN special representative to Angola, insisted he was not disappointed by the lack of an agreement in talks that began in late 1993 in the Zambian capital.

"We've been here 10 months now, we've done our best and we've achieved a little bit," he told The Associated Press. Asked if the talks would continue beyond the Sept. 30 deadline, Beye said: "I have nothing more to say. It could jeopardize the talks."

U9: Mmegi (Bots), 94 09 16

## UN policing in Angola

LUSAKA: The Angolan government and Unita took another step towards peace Tuesday, agreeing on how the UN would police a truce. The agreement signed was part of a peace plan expected to be completed by the end of the month. But the two sides still have to discuss the delicate issue of how they will share power in post-war Angola. Under the agreement, UN peacekeepers are to monitor a ceasefire and oversee the demobilisation of fighters. The two sides asked the UN Security Council to determine how many troops should be sent. The government had proposed 7 000 and Unita 10 000.

U10: SouthScan (Br), 94 09 23

## Trade unions decide to change course

The second congress of the Angolan national trade union opened in Luanda on Wednesday with an aim at reforming its own structure away from a confrontational role.

An official of the preparatory committee of the congress, said trade unions should try to become the mediators between employees and employers.

U12: Le Monde (Fr), 94 10 01 (abr)

ANGOLA : trois cents morts dans le déraillement d'un train. -Selon un bilan officiel diffusé jeudi 29 septembre par l'agence angolaise Angop, le déraillement d'un train de marchandises a fait 300 morts et 147 blessés, le 22 septembre, dans le sud de l'Angola.

U6: Radio Report, 94 10 02 (abr)

## Government negotiator on remaining issues at Lusaka talks

*Radio Nacional de Angola, Luanda, in Portuguese*  
0600 gmt 2 Oct 94

*Text of report by correspondent Alves Antonio in Lusaka*

The government and the UNITA negotiators are taking a break today after having reached a consensus on the definition of military terms yesterday. The current round of talks will be concluded after discussions on UNITA's participation in government at all levels, the mechanism that will replace the Joint Political and Military Commission [CCPM], and the issue of national reconciliation, according to General Higino Carneiro.

[Carneiro - recording] Following the UN Security Council's latest resolution, the government, through its negotiating delegation in Lusaka, has decided to brief the press on the negotiations. We are obviously still discussing some issues. As you know, the main documents on military issues, national reconciliation, police and the electoral process have mostly been finished, but some others have not been approved, such as national reconciliation.

We still need to approve UNITA's participation in the government, the new UN mandate and the role of the observers, as well as the mechanism that will replace the CCPM. At present we are discussing a new name for this mechanism. Some other documents also have not been finished, and we need time to reflect on them to reach a stable agreement. [End of recording]

The second most senior official of the government delegation has said that the cease-fire will only come into effect 48 hours after the formal signing of the peace accord.

U3: Radio Report, 94 09 30 (fragm)

## UN Security Council extends Unavem mandate until 31st October

*Radio Nacional de Angola, Luanda, in Portuguese*  
0600 gmt 30 Sep 94

U11: SouthScan (Br), 94 09 16 (abr)

## Government prints money to pay for war

The free-market exchange rate for the Angolan kwanza rose to 325.000 to the dollar last Saturday, following the release of new half million kwanza notes which many Angolans perceived as a sign of soaring inflation.

The state *Jornal de Angola* said 110 million of the 500.000 kwanza notes had been printed, each worth \$1.50 at Saturday's free market rate, compared to \$1.64 at Friday's rate of 305.000 to the dollar.

In an editorial questioning whether the government had done the right thing in issuing the new half million kwanza notes, the paper said many people viewed them as inflationary.

A Luanda-based economist said the notes were perceived by many Angolans as the most visible sign of inflation in the war-ravaged country which was running at around 17 percent a month in July.

U13: SouthScan (Br), 94 09 16 (abr)

## Heightened threat to oil installations in Cabinda enclave

The Cabindan separatist movement Flec-Fac (Front for the Liberation of the Cabinda Enclave - Cabinda Armed Forces) has for the first time directly threatened Angolan oil installations.

In a statement last week its allies in Unita, who recently joined their operation in the enclave, said Flec was threatening to set fire to oil companies' installations in Cabinda.

The threat was made by Manuel N'Zita, a senior Flec official, in the Republic of Congo.

In response this week the government renewed its offensive in Cabinda, and clashes took place north of Cabinda town. Under threat are the sites of the US oil group Chevron-Cabinda Gulf Oil.

Unita has itself been wary of operations directed against the largely US-owned oil installations, and has in the past been strongly warned off by Washington. Most of Angolan oil, a fine light product, goes to the US.

But it is unlikely the decision will significantly affect the war - most oil installations are offshore, and Flec has not in the past, even with its Unita allies, been able to sustain much more than hit and run operations against reinforced government forces.

However, Luanda is bound to be nervous about anything which may hit at its lifeline. The oil industry has already suffered a loss of \$500 million since the civil war erupted again in 1992, oil minister Albina Assis disclosed at a symposium in Luanda last week.

U15: Namibian (Nam), 94 09 15

## Unita accused of using kids as decoys

**HUILA, Angola: Scores of Angolan civilians had lost their lives being forced across minefields by Unita, four girls told Angola's Angop news agency this week.**

The four were recently released from a Unita-controlled area in Angola.

Christina Maria and Tona Ngoma, both 15, and Julia Baptista and Rodia Domingos, both 16, claimed Unita "has

been using civilians to activate landmines by forcing them to walk through minefields so that their soldiers can move across freely" into government-controlled areas.

They claimed "both boys and girls have been used by Unita as a complement to their irregular fighting units, even without military training".

- Sapa

U17: Radio Report, 94 09 27 (abr)

## Unita says government troops have executed 54 people in Bie Province

*Voice of the Resistance of the Black Cockerel in Portuguese 0600 gmt 27 Sep 94*

*Text of report by UNITA radio*

At least 54 civilians have been executed by the Popular Movement for the Liberation of Angola-Workers' Party [MPLA-PT] troops in Bie Province. Jardim Chiquito Prata, the Voice of Resistance of the Black Cockerel's correspondent in the area, reports that 25 people were executed near the Cuquema River mouth. One of those killed was 65-year-old Mauricio Joao Calito.

U19: Radio Report, 94 09 30

## Angola establishes diplomatic relations with Ukraine and Moldova

*Radio Nacional de Angola, Luanda, in Portuguese 1900 gmt 30 Sep 94*

The governments of the Republic of Angola and Ukraine signed a protocol in New York today establishing diplomatic relations at ambassadorial level. The protocol was signed by Angolan Foreign Minister Venancio de Moura and Ukrainian Foreign Minister Hennadiy Udovenko. The ceremony was attended by Afonso van Dunem Mbinda, Angolan ambassador to the UN.

U14: Radio Report, 94 10 04

## Radio says UNITA preparing to recapture diamond-rich area of Cafunfo

*Radio Nacional de Angola, Luanda, in Portuguese 1200 gmt 4 Oct 94*

*Text of report by Bruno Jorge*

The war continues to ravage the country. The National Union for the Total Independence of Angola [UNITA] is again exerting pressure on the diamond-rich area of Cafunfo, in Lunda Norte Province.

Four military units which have come in from Uige and Bie Provinces have recently joined the main body of Jonas Savimbi's troops in the vicinity of the town of Cafunfo. It is believed that some 2,000 UNITA men are ready to attack the government forces in the area. A reliable military source in Saurimo has said that the Angolan Armed Forces [FAA] troops are in absolute control of the military situation in the area, so they will respond in kind to UNITA's attacks.

Cafunfo was UNITA's economic bastion for a long time. What is more, it was one of that movement's principal logistical bases, with an estimated 10 aircraft landing at the local airstrip every day. Most of those aircraft flew in from Zaire.

The government army re-established its control over the area of Cafunfo in August.

U16: Radio Report, 94 09 30

## UNITA denies involvement in killings along Namibian border

*Voice of the Resistance of the Black Cockerel in Portuguese 1200 gmt 30 Sep 94*

*Text of report by UNITA radio*

The governor of Jamba today denied that UNITA troops were involved in the alleged killing of three Namibians along the border with Namibia, as reported by the international press. A source contacted by the Voice of Resistance of the Black Cockerel said UNITA continues to defend a policy of good neighbourliness with the Republic of Namibia and so it is studying the report seriously.

U18: Weekly Mail/Guardian (SA), 94 09 30 (abr)

## SA groups still help Unita, claims general

**By Stefaans Brümmer**

**S**OUTH AFRICAN companies continue to supply Angolan rebel movement Unita with military equipment in contravention of a United Nations ban and South African government policy, claims the Angolan intelligence service.

Angolan government armed forces intelligence chief "General Itha" this month gave the *Weekly Mail & Guardian* a list of companies, individuals and aircraft he claimed were involved in "covert support" of Unita "in spite of the transition to democracy in South Africa".

Itha alleged food, medicine and military means from South Africa have been flown mostly to Zaire — whose president, Mobutu Sese Seko, is known to support Unita leader Jonas Savimbi — from where it is redirected to Unita bases inside Angola.

Aircraft registrations provided by Itha list Zairian, Namibian and South

African-registered aircraft. Itha said information on aircraft had been communicated to the South African government "through the right channels". The "channel" is understood from sources in Angola to be South Africa's National Intelligence Service.

NIS operatives this week declined to comment.

One aircraft registration supplied by Itha was traced to Niemoller Pharmaceuticals in Upington. The owner, Johan Niemoller, was overseas and not available for comment, but a company spokesman confirmed the aircraft belonged to Niemoller and that the aircraft had been flying to Angola, but denied it had been in support of Unita.

● The *WM&G* has the names of two South Africans allegedly recruiting South African soldiers or former soldiers as mercenaries for Unita. Remuneration of up to US\$10 000 has been mentioned. The Foreign Affairs spokesman said it "would not surprise me" if South African soldiers were involved with Unita.